

Texas MLS Newsletters



May 2009

Important Changes

Beginning on January 1, 2004, MLS will no longer be tracking potential Dislocated Worker Layoff Events. The potential Dislocated Worker Layoff Event consists of a company that has at least 20 initial UI claims filed against the company but has less than 50 initial UI claims filed against it. The number of initial UI claims filed against a company must be equal to or greater than 75 percent of the Establishment Employment in order to be considered a potential Dislocated Worker Layoff Event. The result of eliminating the potential Dislocated Worker Layoff Event would be a reduction in the potential of smaller level of layoffs and, consequently a reduction of the total number of confirmed layoffs due to these actions.

Beginning on January 1, 2004, MLS will no longer be tracking layoffs for companies that are involved in the agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting sectors. MLS will also no longer track layoffs for companies in the government sector as well. The result of this action would be a reduction in the total number of confirmed layoffs due to these actions.

June 2009

Monthly and Annual Mass Layoffs in Texas

Month	Potential Layoff Events ¹			Total Initial Claims ²		
	2009	2008	Over-the-Year Change	2009	2008	Over-the-Year Change
January	136	23	113	107,448	53,769	53,679
February	113	47	66	91,810	40,611	51,199
March	112	36	76	94,453	43,234	51,219
April	74	48	26	107,638	59,092	48,546
May	135	55	80	83,127	46,574	36,553
June						
July						
August						
September						
October						
November						
December						
Year-to-Date	570	209	361	484,476	243,280	241,196

A Potential Mass Layoff Event occurs when there are at least 50 Initial Unemployment Insurance (UI) Claims filed against a particular business establishment during a 5 week period, but has not yet been verified by the employer as a Confirmed Layoff Event.

A Potential State Dislocated Worker Layoff Event (Closure) will occur when establishment employment is equal to or greater than 20 and the number of Initial Claims is equal to or greater than 75 percent of establishment employment during a 5 week period, but has not yet been verified by the employer as a Confirmed Layoff Event (Closure). A Potential State Dislocated Worker Layoff Event will also occur when establishment employment is not provided, and the number of Initial Claims is equal to or greater than 20 during a 5 week period, but has not yet been verified by the employer as a Confirmed Layoff Event.

1 The number of Potential Layoff Events includes the count of Potential Mass Layoff Events and the count of Potential State Dislocated Worker Layoff Events.

2 The Total Initial Claims count is the total number of people who filed an initial claim for unemployment insurance regardless of whether or not they were involved in a potential or confirmed layoff event.

* Denotes missing data

** Does not reflect accurate numbers due to missing data

TEXAS
WORKFORCE
COMMISSION

Labor Market and Career Information Department www.tracer2.com

June 2009

Monthly and Annual Mass Layoffs in Texas

Month	Potential Layoff Events ¹			Total Initial Claims ²		
	2008	2007	Over-the-Year Change	2008	2007	Over-the-Year Change
January	23	33	-10	53,769	51,392	2,377
February	47	20	27	40,611	36,172	4,439
March	36	35	1	43,234	38,694	4,540
April	48	32	16	59,092	40,274	18,818
May	55	36	19	46,574	52,754	-6,180
June	60	56	4	51,136	42,496	8,640
July	43	35	8	63,954	43,298	20,656
August	40	36	4	48,389	34,496	13,893
September	97	26	71	71,991	39,628	32,363
October	86	30	56	83,487	51,297	32,190
November	64	55	9	68,123	43,454	24,669
December	95	40	55	90,472	43,886	46,586
Year-to-Date	694	434	260	720,832	517,841	202,991

A Potential Mass Layoff Event occurs when there are at least 50 Initial Unemployment Insurance (UI) Claims filed against a particular business establishment during a 5 week period, but has not yet been verified by the employer as a Confirmed Layoff Event.

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Monthly and Annual Mass Layoffs in Texas

Month	Potential Layoff Events ¹			Total Initial Claims ²		
	2007	2006	Over-the-Year Change	2007	2006	Over-the-Year Change
January	33	18	15	51,392	43,607	7,785
February	20	29	-9	36,172	36,547	-375
March	35	25	10	38,694	47,233	-8,539
April	32	30	2	40,274	39,612	662
May	36	37	-1	52,754	52,863	-109
June	56	44	12	42,496	42,490	6
July	35	28	7	43,298	43,046	252
August	36	28	8	34,496	50,661	-16,165
September	26	31	-5	39,628	36,071	3,557
October	30	18	12	51,297	39,490	11,807
November	55	37	18	43,454	51,537	-8,083
December	40	61	-21	43,886	39,829	4,057
Year-to-Date	434	386	48	517,841	522,986	-5,145

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A Potential State Dislocated Worker Layoff Event (Closure) will occur when establishment employment is equal to or greater than 20 and the number of Initial Claims is equal to or greater than 75 percent of establishment employment during a 5 week period, but has not yet been verified by the employer as a Confirmed Layoff Event (Closure). A Potential State Dislocated Worker Layoff Event will also occur when establishment employment is not provided, and the number of Initial Claims is equal to or greater than 20 during a 5 week period, but has not yet been verified by the employer as a Confirmed Layoff Event.

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June 2009

Monthly and Annual Mass Layoffs in Texas

Month	Potential Layoff Events ¹			Total Initial Claims ²		
	2006	2005	Over-the-Year Change	2006	2005	Over-the-Year Change
January	18	57	-39	43,607	57,867	-14,260
February	29	24	5	36,547	45,887	-9,340
March	25	35	-10	47,233	51,331	-4,098
April	30	45	-15	39,612	63,037	-23,425
May	37	55	-18	52,863	52,780	83
June	44	45	-1	42,490	62,755	-20,265
July	28	57	-29	43,046	51,425	-8,379
August	28	30	-2	50,661	46,982	3,679
September	31	50	-19	36,071	51,211	-15,140
October	18	38	-20	39,490	50,247	-10,757
November	37	25	12	51,537	54,478	-2,941
December	61	50	11	39,829	41,128	-1,299
Year-to-Date	386	511	-125	522,986	629,128	-106,142

A Potential Mass Layoff Event occurs when there are at least 50 Initial Unemployment Insurance (UI) Claims filed against a particular business establishment during a 5 week period, but has not yet been verified by the employer as a Confirmed Layoff Event.

A Potential State Dislocated Worker Layoff Event (Closure) will occur when establishment employment is equal to or greater than 20 and the number of Initial Claims is equal to or greater than 75 percent of establishment employment during a 5 week period, but has not yet been verified by the employer as a Confirmed Layoff Event (Closure). A Potential State Dislocated Worker Layoff Event will also occur when establishment employment is not provided, and the number of Initial Claims is equal to or greater than 20 during a 5 week period, but has not yet been verified by the employer as a Confirmed Layoff Event.

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Monthly and Annual Mass Layoffs in Texas

Month	Potential Layoff Events ¹			Total Initial Claims ²		
	2005	2004	Over-the-Year Change	2005	2004	Over-the-Year Change
January	57	74	-17	57,867	80,377	-22,510
February	24	52	-28	45,887	56,646	-10,759
March	35	44	-9	51,331	56,120	-4,789
April	45	62	-17	63,037	69,926	-6,889
May	55	52	3	52,780	73,790	-21,010
June	45	59	-14	62,755	54,459	8,296
July	57	73	-16	51,425	73,658	-22,233
August	30	40	-10	46,982	54,459	-7,477
September	50	32	18	51,211	50,157	1,054
October	38	55	-17	50,247	68,750	-18,503
November	25	58	-33	54,478	55,436	-958
December	50	40	10	41,128	64,604	-23,476
Year-to-Date	511	641	-130	629,128	758,382	-129,254

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Month	Potential Layoff Events ¹			Total Initial Claims ²		
	2004	2003	Over-the-Year Change	2004	2003	Over-the-Year Change
January	74	66	8	80,377	86,518	-6,141
February	52	113	-61	56,646	74,606	-17,960
March	44	90	-46	56,120	81,150	-25,030
April	62	78	-16	69,926	82,425	-12,499
May	52	125	-73	73,790	94,636	-20,846
June	59	108	-49	56,933	80,826	-23,893
July	73	85	-12	73,658	77,696	-4,038
August	40	91	-51	54,459	87,564	-33,105
September	32	75	-43	50,157	68,134	-17,977
October	55	89	-34	68,750	80,399	-11,649
November	58	93	-35	55,436	76,522	-21,086
December	40	69	-29	64,604	57,996	6,608
2004 Totals	641	1,082	-441	760,856	948,472	-187,616

A Potential Mass Layoff Event occurs when there are at least 50 Initial Unemployment Insurance (UI) Claims filed against a particular business establishment during a 5 week period, but has not yet been verified by the employer as a Confirmed Layoff Event.

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¹The number of Potential Layoff Events includes the count of Potential Mass Layoff Events and the count of Potential State Dislocated Worker Layoff Events.

²The Total Initial Claims count is the total number of people who filed an initial claim for unemployment insurance regardless of whether or not they were involved in a potential or confirmed layoff event.

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Month	Potential Layoff Events ¹			Total Initial Claims ²		
	2003	2002	Over-the-Year Change	2003	2002	Over-the-Year Change
January	66	110	-44	86,518	86,315	203
February	113	80	33	74,606	73,763	843
March	90	84	6	81,150	90,036	-8,886
April	78	94	-16	82,425	80,454	1,971
May	125	117	8	94,636	104,910	-10,274
June	108	104	4	80,826	83,892	-3,066
July	85	108	-23	77,696	82,355	-4,659
August	91	107	-16	87,564	96,273	-8,709
September	75	66	9	68,134	73,975	-5,841
October	89	80	9	80,399	77,917	2,482
November	93	135	-42	76,522	97,707	-21,185
December	69	82	-13	57,996	73,115	-15,119
2003 Totals	1,082	1,167	-85	948,472	1,020,712	-72,240

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June 2009		Monthly and Annual Mass Layoffs in Texas				
Month	Potential Layoff Events ¹			Total Initial Claims ²		
	2002	2001	Over-the-Year Change	2002	2001	Over-the-Year Change
January	110	71	39	86,315	61,836	24,479
February	80	60	20	73,763	55,969	17,794
March	84	79	5	90,036	78,933	11,103
April	94	86	8	80,454	67,359	13,095
May	117	108	9	104,910	70,286	34,624
June	104	102	2	83,892	87,008	-3,116
July	108	102	6	82,355	74,381	7,974
August	107	84	23	96,273	67,903	28,370
September	66	79	-13	73,975	88,711	-14,736
October	80	121	-41	77,917	90,019	-12,102
November	135	94	41	97,707	104,709	-7,002
December	82	140	-58	73,115	84,079	-10,964
2002 Totals	1,167	1,126	41	1,020,712	931,193	89,519

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Month	Potential Layoff Events ¹			Total Initial Claims ²		
	2001	2000	Over-the-Year Change	2001	2000	Over-the-Year Change
January	71	79	-8	61,836	66,828	-4,992
February	60	35	25	55,969	47,385	8,584
March	79	32	47	78,933	59,304	19,629
April	86	57	29	67,359	48,877	18,482
May	108	81	27	70,286	51,178	19,108
June	102	60	42	87,008	66,341	20,667
July	102	70	32	74,381	53,626	20,755
August	84	49	35	67,903	49,909	17,994
September	79	45	34	88,711	60,011	28,700
October	121	73	48	90,019	55,721	34,298
November	94	66	28	104,709	57,449	47,260
December	140	81	59	84,079	69,915	14,164
2001 Totals	1,126	728	398	931,193	686,544	244,649

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Month	Potential Layoff Events ¹			Total Initial Claims ²		
	2000	1999	Over-the-Year Change	2000	1999	Over-the-Year Change
January	79	94	-15	66,828	*	**
February	35	68	-33	47,385	*	**
March	32	57	-25	59,304	*	**
April	57	66	-9	48,877	*	**
May	81	88	-7	51,178	59,126	-7,948
June	60	61	-1	66,341	58,624	7,717
July	70	90	-20	53,626	69,069	-15,443
August	49	48	1	49,909	51,737	-1,828
September	45	48	-3	60,011	51,584	8,427
October	73	65	8	55,721	65,242	-9,521
November	66	45	21	57,449	52,719	4,730
December	81	49	32	69,915	56,876	13,039
2000 Totals	728	779	-51	686,544	**	**

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Month	Potential Layoff Events ¹			Total Initial Claims ²		
	1999	1998	Over-the-Year Change	1999	1998	Over-the-Year Change
January	94	31	63	**	**	**
February	68	13	55	**	38,648	**
March	57	16	41	**	44,579	**
April	66	30	36	**	**	**
May	88	56	32	59,126	**	**
June	61	44	17	58,624	**	**
July	90	32	58	69,069	**	**
August	48	30	18	51,737	**	**
September	48	14	34	51,584	**	**
October	65	99	-34	65,242	**	**
November	45	59	-14	52,719	**	**
December	49	71	-22	56,876	**	**
1999 Totals	779	495	284	**	**	**

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June 2009		Monthly and Annual Mass Layoffs in Texas				
Month	Potential Layoff Events ¹			Total Initial Claims ²		
	1998	1997	Over-the-Year Change	1998	1997	Over-the-Year Change
January	31	*	*	*	*	*
February	13	*	*	38,648	*	*
March	16	*	*	44,579	*	*
April	30	*	*	*	*	*
May	56	*	*	*	*	*
June	44	*	*	*	*	*
July	32	*	*	*	*	*
August	30	*	*	*	*	*
September	14	*	*	*	*	*
October	99	*	*	*	*	*
November	59	*	*	*	*	*
December	71	*	*	*	*	*
1998 Totals	495	*	*	**	*	*

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June 2009		Mass Layoff Statistics by County	
Year	County	Number of Establishments with Permanent Layoffs	Number of Employees Separated
2009	Angelina	3	870
2009	Bexar	5	956
2009	Brazoria	4	773
2009	Dallas	12	4,243
2009	Denton	4	390
2009	Harris	31	7,883
2009	Hidalgo	10	890
2009	Jefferson	7	1,275
2009	Tarrant	10	1,582
2009	Travis	9	1,927
2009	Balance of State	111	23,852
2009	Year-to-Date Total through May	206	44,641

A Mass Layoff Event occurs when a business establishment has at least 50 Initial Unemployment Insurance (UI) Claims filed against it during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff 31 days after the event was triggered.

A State Dislocated Worker Layoff Event (Closure) will occur when establishment employment is equal to or greater than 20 and the number of Initial Claims is equal to or greater than 75 percent of establishment employment during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff (Closure) 31 days after the event was triggered.

County information will not be published if there are less than 3 layoff events per county because of confidentiality purposes (Commissioner's Order on Confidentiality, No. 3-93, Aug. 18, 1993). The confidential information not published for a county will be published in the Balance of States (Non-County).

*The total number of confirmed layoffs grouped by county includes the count of confirmed layoffs for both Mass Events and State Dislocated Worker Layoff Events.

June 2009		Mass Layoff Statistics by County	
Year	County	Number of Establishments with Permanent Layoffs	Number of Employees Separated
2008	Bexar	6	1,242
2008	Brazoria	3	178
2008	Cameron	4	1,002
2008	Dallas	16	3,319
2008	El Paso	4	593
2008	Harris	27	3,534
2008	Hidalgo	7	1,278
2008	Jefferson	5	1,594
2008	Smith	4	1,307
2008	Tarrant	11	2,227
2008	Travis	10	2,585
2008	Balance of State	77	14,119
2008		174	32,978

A Mass Layoff Event occurs when a business establishment has at least 50 Initial Unemployment Insurance (UI) Claims filed against it during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff 31 days after the event was triggered.

A State Dislocated Worker Layoff Event (Closure) will occur when establishment employment is equal to or greater than 20 and the number of Initial Claims is equal to or greater than 75 percent of establishment employment during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff (Closure) 31 days after the event was triggered.

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*The total number of confirmed layoffs grouped by county includes the count of confirmed layoffs for both Mass Events and State Dislocated Worker Layoff Events.

June 2009

Mass Layoff Statistics by County

Year	County	Number of Establishments with Permanent Layoffs	Number of Employees Separated
2007	Bexar	6	1,414
2007	Cameron	4	450
2007	Dallas	7	625
2007	Harris	17	2,082
2007	Hidalgo	5	598
2007	Jefferson	4	505
2007	Tarrant	4	390
2007	Travis	7	868
2007	Balance of State	63	10,662
2007		117	17,594

A Mass Layoff Event occurs when a business establishment has at least 50 Initial Unemployment Insurance (UI) Claims filed against it during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff 31 days after the event was triggered.

A State Dislocated Worker Layoff Event (Closure) will occur when establishment employment is equal to or greater than 20 and the number of Initial Claims is equal to or greater than 75 percent of establishment employment during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff (Closure) 31 days after the event was triggered.

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June 2009	Mass Layoff Statistics by County
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Year	County	Number of Establishments with Permanent Layoffs	Number of Employees Separated
2006	Bexar	3	327
2006	Cameron	3	610
2006	Dallas	13	2,387
2006	El Paso	3	581
2006	Harris	22	2,912
2006	Jefferson	4	249
2006	Tarrant	3	560
2006	Travis	4	279
2006	Balance of State	32	6,128
2006		87	14,033

A Mass Layoff Event occurs when a business establishment has at least 50 Initial Unemployment Insurance (UI) Claims filed against it during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff 31 days after the event was triggered.

A State Dislocated Worker Layoff Event (Closure) will occur when establishment employment is equal to or greater than 20 and the number of Initial Claims is equal to or greater than 75 percent of establishment employment during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff (Closure) 31 days after the event was triggered.

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*The total number of confirmed layoffs grouped by county includes the count of confirmed layoffs for both Mass Events and State Dislocated Worker Layoff Events.

June 2009

Mass Layoff Statistics by County

Year	County	Number of Establishments with Permanent Layoffs	Number of Employees Separated
2005	Bexar	6	517
2005	Cameron	4	340
2005	Dallas	7	975
2005	El Paso	4	679
2005	Harris	39	4,345
2005	McLennan	3	462
2005	Tarrant	5	2,319
2005	Travis	6	825
2005	Balance of State	32	5,185
2005		106	15,647

A Mass Layoff Event occurs when a business establishment has at least 50 Initial Unemployment Insurance (UI) Claims filed against it during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff 31 days after the event was triggered.

A State Dislocated Worker Layoff Event (Closure) will occur when establishment employment is equal to or greater than 20 and the number of Initial Claims is equal to or greater than 75 percent of establishment employment during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff (Closure) 31 days after the event was triggered.

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June 2009

Mass Layoff Statistics by County

Year	County	Number of Establishments with Permanent Layoffs	Number of Employees Separated
2004	Bexar	7	1,631
2004	Brazoria	5	320
2004	Cameron	4	1,079
2004	Comal	3	450
2004	Dallas	14	2,080
2004	El Paso	10	2,781
2004	Harris	42	4,681
2004	Hidalgo	4	299
2004	Nueces	4	313
2004	Tarrant	5	540
2004	Travis	4	489
2004	Balance of State	44	6,991
2004	Total	146	21,654

A Mass Layoff Event occurs when a business establishment has at least 50 Initial Unemployment Insurance (UI) Claims filed against it during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff 31 days after the event was triggered.

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June 2009

Mass Layoff Statistics by County

Year	County	Number of Establishments with Permanent Layoffs	Number of Employees Separated
2003	Angelina	3	538
2003	Bexar	12	2,539
2003	Brazoria	5	573
2003	Cameron	7	1,469
2003	Collin	5	895
2003	Dallas	36	5,211
2003	El Paso	8	1,617
2003	Harris	84	11,056
2003	Hidalgo	12	1,529
2003	Jefferson	7	777
2003	Lubbock	3	256
2003	Nueces	4	571
2003	Tarrant	17	3,577
2003	Travis	16	2,188
2003	Balance of State	46	12,356
2003	Total	265	45,152

A Mass Layoff Event occurs when a business establishment has at least 50 Initial Unemployment Insurance (UI) Claims filed against it during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff 31 days after the event was triggered.

A State Dislocated Worker Layoff Event (Closure) will occur when establishment employment is equal to or greater than 20 and the number of Initial Claims is equal to or greater than 75 percent of establishment employment during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff (Closure) 31 days after the event was triggered. A State Dislocated Worker Layoff Event will also occur when Establishment Employment is not provided, and the number of Initial Claims is equal to or greater than 20 during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff 31 days after the event was triggered.

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Mass Layoff Statistics by County

Year	County	Number of Establishments with Permanent Layoffs	Number of Employees Separated
2002	Bexar	17	2,939
2002	Cameron	8	2,049
2002	Collin	8	1,655
2002	Dallas	69	7,085
2002	Denton	5	577
2002	El Paso	28	5,376
2002	Gregg	4	356
2002	Harris	101	14,146
2002	Hidalgo	18	3,858
2002	Jefferson	9	544
2002	McLennan	5	516
2002	Nueces	5	434
2002	Tarrant	24	3,638
2002	Travis	23	3,880
2002	Wichita	4	767
2002	Williamson	5	812
2002	Balance of State	62	25,370
2002	Total	395	74,002

A Mass Layoff Event occurs when a business establishment has at least 50 Initial Unemployment Insurance (UI) Claims filed against it during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff 31 days after the event was triggered.

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Mass Layoff Statistics by County

Year	County	Number of Establishments with Permanent Layoffs	Number of Employees Separated
2001	Bell	4	360
2001	Bexar	20	6,604
2001	Cameron	16	3,305
2001	Collin	8	1,750
2001	Dallas	80	17,100
2001	El Paso	21	5,107
2001	Fannin	3	214
2001	Grayson	4	2,547
2001	Harris	54	20,559
2001	Hidalgo	17	2,760
2001	Jefferson	13	2,507
2001	Nueces	4	1,167
2001	Starr	3	605
2001	Tarrant	26	11,032
2001	Travis	28	8,918
2001	Balance of State	56	11,633
2001	Total	357	96,168

A Mass Layoff Event occurs when a business establishment has at least 50 Initial Unemployment Insurance (UI) Claims filed against it during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff 31 days after the event was triggered.

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Mass Layoff Statistics by County

Year	County	Number of Establishments with Permanent Layoffs	Number of Employees Separated
2000	Bexar	21	3,740
2000	Brazoria	3	424
2000	Brazos	3	148
2000	Cameron	7	1,588
2000	Collin	3	282
2000	Dallas	39	6,633
2000	Ector	4	581
2000	El Paso	28	3,974
2000	Galveston	7	636
2000	Harris	106	20,248
2000	Hidalgo	33	6,749
2000	Jefferson	15	2,537
2000	Matagorda	3	389
2000	McLennan	3	397
2000	Nueces	9	898
2000	Orange	3	245
2000	Starr	4	452
2000	Tarrant	21	3,682
2000	Travis	4	780
2000	Balance of State	55	5,976
2000	Total	371	60,359

A Mass Layoff Event occurs when a business establishment has at least 50 Initial Unemployment Insurance (UI) Claims filed against it during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff 31 days after the event was triggered.

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Mass Layoff Statistics by County

Year	County	Number of Establishments with Permanent Layoffs	Number of Employees Separated
1999	Bexar	15	3,483
1999	Brazoria	10	1,602
1999	Brazos	3	329
1999	Cameron	13	6,140
1999	Dallas	39	4,650
1999	Ector	8	1,002
1999	El Paso	28	5,697
1999	Galveston	8	774
1999	Gregg	3	536
1999	Harris	144	27,634
1999	Hidalgo	35	5,197
1999	Jefferson	29	3,735
1999	Jim Wells	3	332
1999	Lubbock	3	229
1999	McLennan	3	338
1999	Midland	4	295
1999	Nueces	13	2,124
1999	Orange	5	394
1999	Smith	5	437
1999	Starr	6	632
1999	Tarrant	16	1,545
1999	Travis	10	702
1999	Wichita	8	546
1999	Balance of State	50	5,441
1999	Total	461	73,794

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June 2009

Mass Layoff Statistics by County

Year	County	Number of Establishments with Permanent Layoffs	Number of Employees Separated
1998	Angelina	4	716
1998	Bexar	16	3,517
1998	Bowie	3	225
1998	Brazoria	6	874
1998	Cameron	9	5,387
1998	Dallas	42	7,214
1998	Ector	8	1,235
1998	El Paso	21	3,771
1998	Galveston	6	610
1998	Grayson	3	477
1998	Gregg	3	261
1998	Harris	84	19,597
1998	Hidalgo	30	5,343
1998	Jefferson	8	1,012
1998	Lubbock	4	2,052
1998	Midland	5	1,018
1998	Montgomery	3	234
1998	Nueces	9	1,881
1998	Orange	6	717
1998	Starr	6	1,014
1998	Tarrant	17	3,877
1998	Tom Green	3	422
1998	Travis	12	2,303
1998	Webb	4	561
1998	Wichita	5	470
1998	Balance of State	38	5,181
1998	Total	355	69,969

A Mass Layoff Event occurs when a business establishment has at least 50 Initial Unemployment Insurance (UI) Claims filed against it during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff 31 days after the event was triggered.

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June 2009		Reasons for Mass Layoffs In Texas		
Year	Primary Reason for Layoff	Total Layoff Events	% of Total Layoff Events	Total Separations
2009	Bankruptcy	6	2.91%	1,498
2009	Business Ownership Change	5	2.43%	1,133
2009	Contract Cancellation	6	2.91%	888
2009	Contract Completion	52	25.24%	6,387
2009	Cost Control	9	4.37%	3,004
2009	Does not Know	33	16.02%	4,670
2009	Extreme Weather	1	0.49%	354
2009	Financial Difficulty	15	7.28%	7,395
2009	Labor Dispute	1	0.49%	1,000
2009	Non-Natural Disaster	1	0.49%	100
2009	Other	2	0.97%	797
2009	Refusal	6	2.91%	1,241
2009	Reorganization	20	9.71%	3,224
2009	Seasonal	6	2.91%	778
2009	Slack Work	43	20.87%	12,172
2009	Total-to-Date through May	206	100.00%	44,641

A Mass Layoff Event occurs when a business establishment has at least 50 Initial Unemployment Insurance (UI) claims filed against it during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff 31 days after the event was triggered.

A State Dislocated Worker Layoff Event (Closure) will occur when establishment employment is equal to or greater than 20 and the number of Initial Claims is equal to or greater than 75 percent of establishment employment during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff (Closure) 31 days after the event was triggered. A State Dislocated Worker Layoff Event will also occur when Establishment Employment is not provided, and the number of Initial Claims is equal to or greater than 20 during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff 31 days after the event was triggered.

*Total Layoff Events includes both Mass Layoff Events and State Dislocated Worker Events.

June 2009

Reasons for Mass Layoffs In Texas

Year	Primary Reason for Layoff	Total Layoff Events	% of Total Layoff Events	Total Separations
2008	Bankruptcy	8	4.60%	2,801
2008	Business Ownership Change	4	2.30%	678
2008	Contract Cancellation	4	2.30%	489
2008	Contract Completion	44	25.29%	6,386
2008	Cost Control	1	0.57%	250
2008	Does not Know	29	16.67%	4,359
2008	Extreme Weather	4	2.30%	1,525
2008	Financial Difficulty	18	10.34%	4,180
2008	Import Competition	3	1.72%	690
2008	Other	1	0.57%	220
2008	Plant or Machine Repair	1	0.57%	538
2008	Refusal	9	5.17%	1,543
2008	Reorganization	16	9.20%	4,215
2008	Seasonal	5	2.87%	916
2008	Slack Work	13	7.47%	1,531
2008	Vacation	14	8.05%	2,657
2008		174	100.00%	32,978

A Mass Layoff Event occurs when a business establishment has at least 50 Initial Unemployment Insurance (UI) claims filed against it during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff 31 days after the event was triggered.

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*Total Layoff Events includes both Mass Layoff Events and State Dislocated Worker Events.

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Year	Primary Reason for Layoff	Total Layoff Events	% of Total Layoff Events	Total Separations
2007	Bankruptcy	4	3.42%	1,260
2007	Business Ownership Change	2	1.71%	212
2007	Contract Cancellation	1	0.85%	150
2007	Contract Completion	24	20.51%	2,358
2007	Cost Control	5	4.27%	1,431
2007	Does not Know	22	18.80%	2,831
2007	Financial Difficulty	10	8.55%	1,738
2007	Governmental Regulations	1	0.85%	160
2007	Hazardous Work Environment	1	0.85%	69
2007	Import Competition	1	0.85%	64
2007	Other	2	1.71%	115
2007	Reorganization	12	10.26%	1,857
2007	Seasonal	7	5.98%	910
2007	Refusal	4	3.42%	694
2007	Slack Work	9	7.69%	1,553
2007	Vacation	12	10.26%	2,192
2007		117	100.00%	17,594

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*Total Layoff Events includes both Mass Layoff Events and State Dislocated Worker Events.

Year	Primary Reason for Layoff	Total Layoff Events	% of Total Layoff Events	Total Separations
2006	Bankruptcy	7	8.05%	1,301
2006	Business Ownership Change	1	1.15%	775
2006	Contract Completed	33	37.93%	2,781
2006	Contract Cancellation	4	4.60%	704
2006	Does not Know	1	1.15%	113
2006	Financial Difficulty	3	3.45%	789
2006	Import Competition	1	1.15%	134
2006	Natural Disaster	1	1.15%	105
2006	Refusal	2	2.30%	228
2006	Reorganization	12	13.79%	4,434
2006	Seasonal	6	6.90%	817
2006	Slack Work	4	4.60%	336
2006	Vacation	12	13.79%	1,516
2006		87	100.00%	14,033

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*Total Layoff Events includes both Mass Layoff Events and State Dislocated Worker Events.

Year	Primary Reason for Layoff	Total Layoff Events	% of Total Layoff Events	Total Separations
2005	Bankruptcy	7	6.60%	1,282
2005	Business Ownership Change	3	2.83%	401
2005	Contract Cancellation	2	1.89%	110
2005	Contract Completed	41	38.68%	3,792
2005	Does not Know	1	0.94%	157
2005	Energy Related	1	0.94%	255
2005	Financial Difficulty	8	7.55%	1,218
2005	Import Competition	1	0.94%	395
2005	Labor Dispute	1	0.94%	300
2005	Other	1	0.94%	127
2005	Refusal	4	3.77%	643
2005	Reorganization	12	11.32%	3,851
2005	Seasonal	10	9.43%	1,376
2005	Slack Work	2	1.89%	180
2005	Vacation	12	11.32%	1,560
2005		106	100.00%	15,647

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*Total Layoff Events includes both Mass Layoff Events and State Dislocated Worker Events.

Year	Primary Reason for Layoff	Total Layoff Events	% of Total Layoff Events	Total Separations
2004	Bankruptcy	4	2.74%	723
2004	Business Ownership Change	2	1.37%	248
2004	Contract Cancellation	4	2.74%	858
2004	Contract Completed	63	43.15%	6,229
2004	Does not Know	3	2.05%	489
2004	Financial Difficulty	14	9.59%	2,872
2004	Import Competition	1	0.68%	50
2004	Material Shortage	1	0.68%	67
2004	Product Line Discontinued	1	0.68%	500
2004	Reorganization within the Company	16	10.96%	2,996
2004	Other	4	2.74%	842
2004	Refusal	10	6.85%	2,204
2004	Seasonal	4	2.74%	841
2004	Slack Work	9	6.16%	1,591
2004	Vacation Period	10	6.85%	1,144
2004	Total	146	100.00%	21,654

A Mass Layoff Event occurs when a business establishment has at least 50 Initial Unemployment Insurance (UI) Claims filed against it during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff 31 days after the event was triggered.

A State Dislocated Worker Layoff Event (Closure) will occur when establishment employment is equal to or greater than 20 and the number of Initial Claims is equal to or greater than 75 percent of establishment employment during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff (Closure) 31 days after the event was triggered. A State Dislocated Worker Layoff Event will also occur when Establishment Employment is not provided, and the number of Initial Claims is equal to or greater than 20 during a 5 week period and later verified by the employer as having a permanent layoff 31 days after the event was triggered.

*Total Layoff Events includes both Mass Layoff Events and State Dislocated Worker Layoff Events.

Year	Primary Reason for Layoff	Total Layoff Events	% of Total Layoff Events	Total Separations
2003	Automation	1	0.38%	65
2003	Bankruptcy	17	6.42%	6,033
2003	Business Ownership Change	2	0.75%	298
2003	Contract Cancellation	3	1.13%	326
2003	Contract Completed	100	37.74%	13,027
2003	Domestic Relocation	1	0.38%	110
2003	Financial Difficulty	41	15.47%	7,480
2003	Import Competition	5	1.89%	1,320
2003	Other	26	9.81%	4,541
2003	Overseas Relocation	1	0.38%	60
2003	Plant or Machine Repair	1	0.38%	63
2003	Refusal	2	0.75%	315
2003	Reorganization within the Company	27	10.19%	5,052
2003	Seasonal	12	4.53%	1,897
2003	Slack Work	6	2.26%	467
2003	Vacation Period	18	6.79%	3,648
2003	Weather Related	2	0.75%	450
2003	Total	265	100.00%	45,152

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*Total Layoff Events includes both Mass Layoff Events and State Dislocated Worker Layoff Events.

Year	Primary Reason for Layoff	Total Layoff Events	% of Total Layoff Events	Total Separations
2002	Bankruptcy	18	4.56%	8,637
2002	Business Ownership Change	10	2.53%	1,129
2002	Contract Cancellation	9	2.28%	2,867
2002	Contract Completed	150	37.97%	13,126
2002	Domestic Relocation	5	1.27%	985
2002	Financial Difficulty	45	11.39%	15,172
2002	Import Competition	1	0.25%	60
2002	Labor Dispute	1	0.25%	215
2002	Other	78	19.75%	13,205
2002	Overseas Relocation	2	0.51%	287
2002	Plant or Machine Repair	1	0.25%	100
2002	Refuses to Give Information	2	0.51%	247
2002	Reorganization within the Company	37	9.37%	10,716
2002	Seasonal	17	4.30%	4,784
2002	Slack Work	4	1.01%	579
2002	Vacation Period	15	3.80%	1,893
2002	Total	395	100.00%	74,002

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*Total Layoff Events includes both Mass Layoff Events and State Dislocated Worker Layoff Events.

Year	Primary Reason for Layoff	Total Layoff Events	% of Total Layoff Events	Total Separations
2001	Bankruptcy	21	5.88%	7,647
2001	Business Ownership Change	23	6.44%	3,968
2001	Contract Cancellation	5	1.40%	802
2001	Contract Completed	58	16.25%	15,095
2001	Data not Provided (does not know)	5	1.40%	478
2001	Data not Provided (refused)	6	1.68%	1,260
2001	Domestic Relocation	2	0.56%	204
2001	Environment Related	1	0.28%	200
2001	Financial Difficulty	62	17.37%	18,377
2001	Import Competition	10	2.80%	4,582
2001	Material Shortage	1	0.28%	70
2001	Model Changeover	3	0.84%	1,560
2001	Non Natural Disaster	4	1.12%	360
2001	Other	95	26.61%	27,650
2001	Overseas Relocation	1	0.28%	520
2001	Plant or Machine Repair	1	0.28%	224
2001	Reorganization within the Company	26	7.28%	8,116
2001	Seasonal	22	6.16%	3,544
2001	Slack Work	11	3.08%	1,511
2001	Total	357	100.00%	96,168

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*Total Layoff Events includes both Mass Layoff Events and State Dislocated Worker Layoff Events.

Year	Primary Reason for Layoff	Total Layoff Events	% of Total Layoff Events	Total Separations
2000	Bankruptcy	7	1.89%	918
2000	Business Ownership Change	17	4.58%	1,551
2000	Contract Cancellation	5	1.35%	648
2000	Contract Completed	161	43.40%	30,836
2000	Domestic Relocation	2	0.54%	190
2000	Financial Difficulty	23	6.20%	2,695
2000	Import Competition	1	0.27%	160
2000	Model Changeover	1	0.27%	120
2000	Other	17	4.58%	3,366
2000	Overseas Relocation	1	0.27%	220
2000	Product Line Discontinued	1	0.27%	100
2000	Reorganization within the Company	39	10.51%	7,688
2000	Seasonal	73	19.68%	9,674
2000	Slack Work	21	5.66%	2,103
2000	Weather Related	2	0.54%	90
2000	Total	371	100.00%	60,359

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*Total Layoff Events includes both Mass Layoff Events and State Dislocated Worker Layoff Events.

Year	Primary Reason for Layoff	Total Layoff Events	% of Total Layoff Events	Total Separations
1999	Bankruptcy	3	0.65%	480
1999	Business Ownership Change	30	6.51%	4,401
1999	Contract Cancellation	12	2.60%	2,088
1999	Contract Completed	198	42.95%	31,694
1999	Domestic Relocation	2	0.43%	135
1999	Energy Related	34	7.38%	3,461
1999	Financial Difficulty	33	7.16%	4,647
1999	Import Competition	1	0.22%	60
1999	Natural Disaster	1	0.22%	117
1999	Other	39	8.46%	7,229
1999	Overseas Relocation	2	0.43%	98
1999	Plant or Machine Repair	3	0.65%	282
1999	Reorganization within the Company	34	7.38%	10,525
1999	Seasonal	60	13.02%	7,965
1999	Slack Work	9	1.95%	612
1999	Total	461	100.00%	73,794

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Year	Primary Reason for Layoff	Total Layoff Events	% of Total Layoff Events	Total Separations
1998	Bankruptcy	2	0.56%	130
1998	Business Ownership Change	7	1.97%	1,035
1998	Contract Cancellation	1	0.28%	123
1998	Contract Completed	147	41.41%	31,272
1998	Domestic Relocation	5	1.41%	620
1998	Energy Related	27	7.61%	3,940
1998	Financial Difficulty	10	2.82%	908
1998	Import Competition	9	2.54%	2,547
1998	Labor Dispute	2	0.56%	1,569
1998	Natural Disaster	1	0.28%	460
1998	Other	49	13.80%	7,939
1998	Reorganization within the Company	24	6.76%	6,694
1998	Seasonal	56	15.77%	10,686
1998	Slack Work	10	2.82%	1,523
1998	Vacation Period	5	1.41%	523
1998	Total	355	100.00%	69,969

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