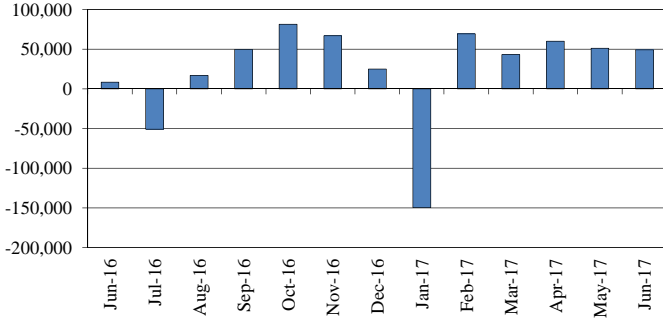
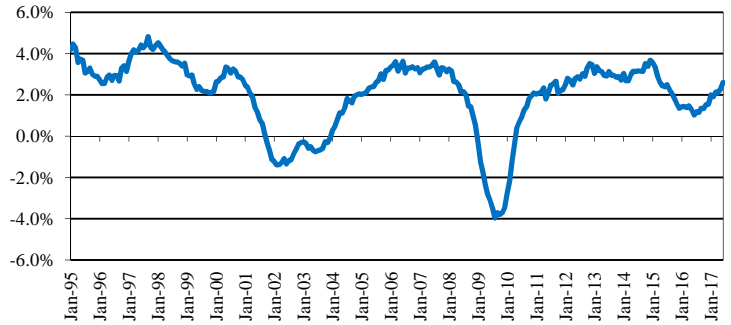


Nonagricultural Employment

Monthly Changes in Total Nonagricultural Employment



Annual Growth Rate for Total Nonagricultural Employment

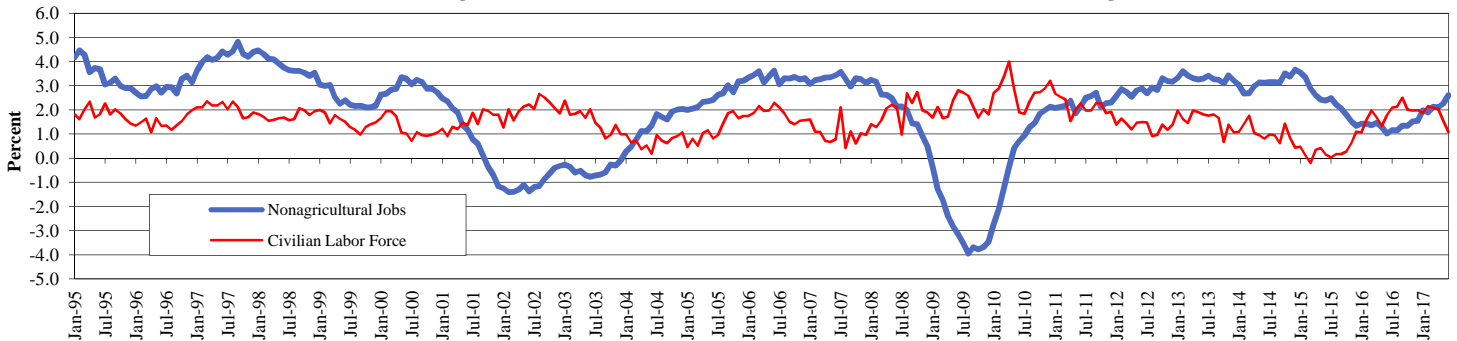


Employment by Industry	Jun-17	May-17	Jun-16	Monthly		Annual	
				Change	%	Change	%
Total Nonagricultural	12,348,200	12,299,100	12,034,800	49,100	0.4%	313,400	2.6%
Mining & Logging	238,300	232,900	217,700	5,400	2.3%	20,600	9.5%
Construction	718,200	711,300	704,400	6,900	1.0%	13,800	2.0%
Manufacturing	873,500	863,600	846,500	9,900	1.1%	27,000	3.2%
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	2,434,900	2,428,400	2,409,600	6,500	0.3%	25,300	1.0%
Information	194,800	193,100	203,700	1,700	0.9%	-8,900	-4.4%
Financial Activities	757,400	751,500	731,900	5,900	0.8%	25,500	3.5%
Professional & Business Services	1,676,100	1,669,000	1,615,900	7,100	0.4%	60,200	3.7%
Education & Health Services	1,678,300	1,681,400	1,618,400	-3,100	-0.2%	59,900	3.7%
Leisure & Hospitality	1,366,200	1,347,300	1,326,300	18,900	1.4%	39,900	3.0%
Other Services	454,100	439,200	437,900	14,900	3.4%	16,200	3.7%
Government	1,956,400	1,981,400	1,922,500	-25,000	-1.3%	33,900	1.8%

Nonagricultural Summary

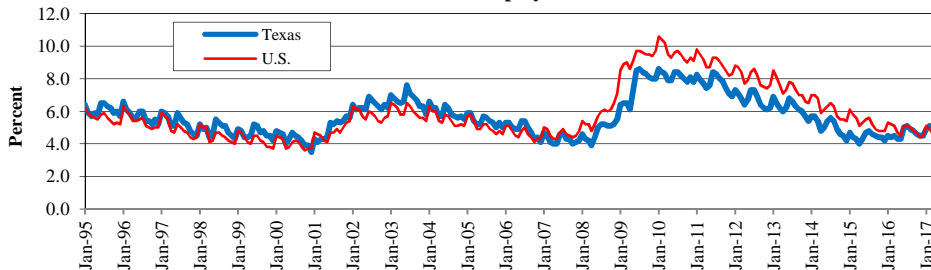
Texas Total Nonagricultural Employment grew by 49,100 jobs from May to June, the fifth consecutive month of job growth. Nine of 10 private industries recorded monthly growth led by Leisure & Hospitality with 18,900 jobs. Other Services posted an additional 14,900 jobs while Manufacturing added 9,900 jobs. Education & Health Services reported a drop of 3,100 jobs. The Texas Total Nonfarm Employment added 313,400 annual jobs, a 2.6 percent over-the-year growth rate. Professional & Business Services added 60,200 annual jobs, closely followed by Education & Health Services with 59,900 jobs, and Leisure & Hospitality's 39,900 jobs. Mining & Logging showed the highest annual growth rate of 9.5 percent. Information reported the largest annual loss of 8,900 jobs.

Texas Total Nonagricultural Jobs vs. Civilian Labor Force (Over-the-Year Percent Change)



Civilian Labor Force and Unemployment Statistics

Texas and U.S. Unemployment Rates



Texas Civilian Labor Force

Mo/Yr	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate
Jun-16	13,319,700	12,656,700	662,900	5.0
Jan-17	13,358,600	12,695,800	660,900	4.9
Feb-17	13,471,300	12,777,800	693,500	5.1
Mar-17	13,514,600	12,838,900	675,600	5.0
Apr-17	13,506,900	12,895,100	611,700	4.5
May-17	13,450,000	12,858,000	592,000	4.4
Jun-17	13,464,300	12,833,300	631,100	4.7

United States Civilian Labor Force

Mo/Yr	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate
Jun-16	160,135,000	151,990,000	8,144,000	5.1
Jan-17	158,676,000	150,527,000	8,149,000	5.1
Feb-17	159,482,000	151,594,000	7,887,000	4.9
Mar-17	159,912,000	152,628,000	7,284,000	4.6
Apr-17	159,817,000	153,262,000	6,555,000	4.1
May-17	159,979,000	153,407,000	6,572,000	4.1
Jun-17	161,337,000	154,086,000	7,250,000	4.5

Labor Force Summary

Following typical season patterns, the Texas not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate moved up by three-tenths of a percentage point from 4.4 percent in May to 4.7 percent in June. This is two-tenths of a percentage point less than the average May-to-June unemployment rate increase over the last ten years of five-tenths of a percentage point. This rate increase tied for the lowest ever May-to-June unemployment rate increase in the series and that occurred 27 years ago in 1990. The Texas not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate moved down from 5.0 percent in June of 2016.

The U.S. not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate increased four-tenths of a percentage point from May at 4.1 percent to June at 4.5 percent. The national rate recorded a substantial decrease of six-tenths of a percentage point from 5.1 percent in June of 2016.