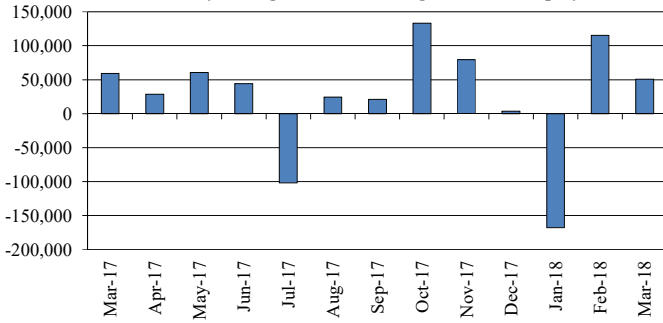
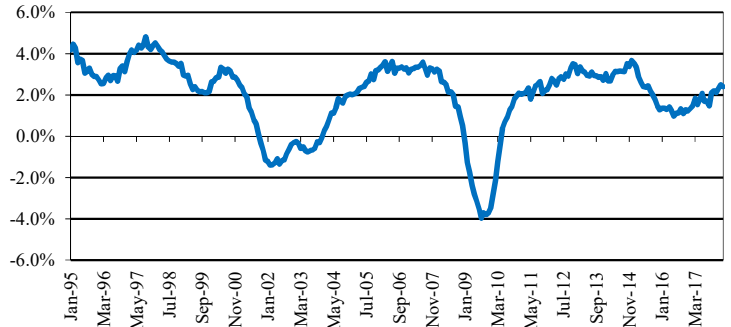


Nonagricultural Employment

Monthly Changes in Total Nonagricultural Employment



Annual Growth Rate for Total Nonagricultural Employment

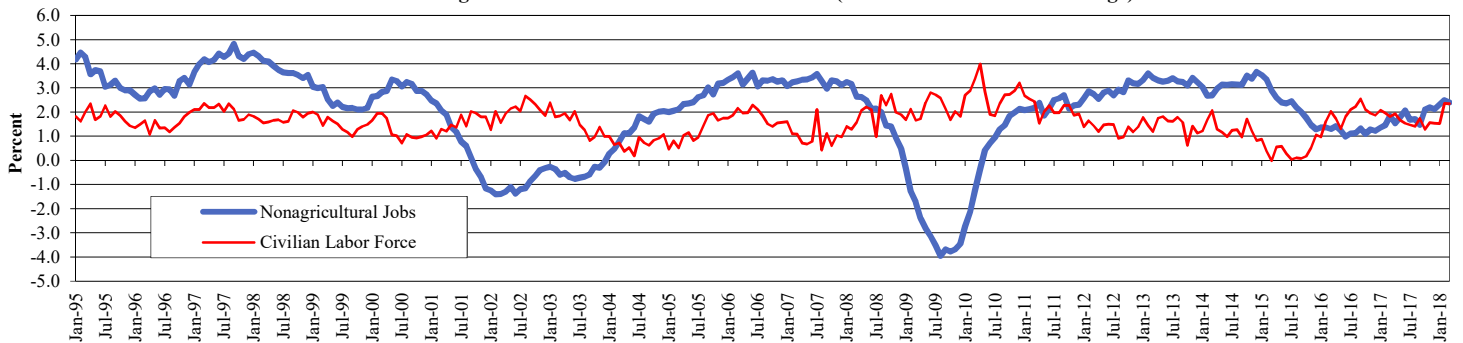


Employment by Industry	Mar-18	Feb-18	Mar-17	Monthly		Annual	
				Change	%	Change	%
Total Nonagricultural	12,434,100	12,383,400	12,142,400	50,700	0.4%	291,700	2.4%
Mining & Logging	242,700	239,600	214,200	3,100	1.3%	28,500	13.3%
Construction	738,900	736,200	707,000	2,700	0.4%	31,900	4.5%
Manufacturing	862,800	861,700	844,100	1,100	0.1%	18,700	2.2%
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	2,478,600	2,469,700	2,418,700	8,900	0.4%	59,900	2.5%
Information	198,600	199,200	202,900	-600	-0.3%	-4,300	-2.1%
Financial Activities	765,600	764,900	745,800	700	0.1%	19,800	2.7%
Professional & Business Services	1,716,500	1,704,200	1,650,400	12,300	0.7%	66,100	4.0%
Education & Health Services	1,685,000	1,684,600	1,661,200	400	0.0%	23,800	1.4%
Leisure & Hospitality	1,340,700	1,326,100	1,304,800	14,600	1.1%	35,900	2.8%
Other Services	431,000	427,400	422,500	3,600	0.8%	8,500	2.0%
Government	1,973,700	1,969,800	1,970,800	3,900	0.2%	2,900	0.1%

Nonagricultural Summary

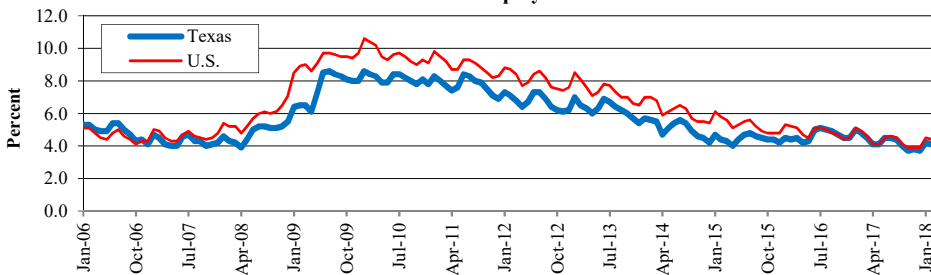
Texas Total Nonagricultural employment continued to grow in 2018 adding 50,700 jobs from February to March. Ten of 11 major industries reported monthly gains. Spring Break employment helped Leisure & Hospitality show an increase of 14,600 jobs. Professional & Business Services gained 12,300 jobs while Trade, Transportation & Utilities added 8,900 jobs. Information showed a March monthly loss of 600 jobs. Total Nonfarm employment increased by 291,700 jobs over the year, a 2.4 percent annual growth rate. Professional & Business Services had the highest over-the-year job growth of 66,100 jobs. Trade, Transportation & Utilities gained 59,900 positions since March 2017. Mining & Logging posted the highest annual growth rate of 13.3 percent. Information was the only industry reporting a yearly loss.

Texas Total Nonagricultural Jobs vs. Civilian Labor Force (Over-the-Year Percent Change)



Civilian Labor Force and Unemployment Statistics

Texas and U.S. Unemployment Rates



Texas Civilian Labor Force

Mo/Yr	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate
Mar-17	13,517,700	12,904,400	613,300	4.5
Oct-17	13,536,200	13,034,600	501,600	3.7
Nov-17	13,613,800	13,098,300	515,500	3.8
Dec-17	13,598,100	13,096,200	501,800	3.7
Jan-18	13,621,800	13,053,800	568,000	4.2
Feb-18	13,811,900	13,241,900	570,000	4.1
Mar-18	13,834,800	13,265,300	569,400	4.1

United States Civilian Labor Force

Mo/Yr	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate
Mar-17	159,912,000	152,628,000	7,284,000	4.6
Oct-17	160,465,000	154,223,000	6,242,000	3.9
Nov-17	160,466,000	154,180,000	6,286,000	3.9
Dec-17	159,880,000	153,602,000	6,278,000	3.9
Jan-18	160,037,000	152,848,000	7,189,000	4.5
Feb-18	161,494,000	154,403,000	7,091,000	4.4
Mar-18	161,548,000	154,877,000	6,671,000	4.1

Labor Force Summary

The Texas not-seasonally adjusted unemployment rate remained at 4.1 percent in March, after having dropped from 4.2 percent in January to 4.1 percent in February. Typically, the unemployment rate has dropped an average of one-tenth of a percentage point from February to March over the last 10 years. The last time the unemployment rate remained unchanged from February to March was in 2009, registering 6.5 percent. The Texas over-the-year unemployment rate dropped five-tenths of a percentage point since March of 2017.

The U.S. not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate reported a decrease from 4.4 percent in February to 4.1 percent in March. The United States unemployment rate moved down five-tenths of a percentage point from 4.6 percent in March 2017.